UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended: June 30, 2005

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from: _____ to: ____

Commission file number: 0-21121

TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

06-1456680 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

7 LASER LANE, WALLINGFORD, CT 06492 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(203) 269-1198 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES [X] NO []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

YES [X] NO []

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

CLASS OUTSTANDING JULY 29, 2005

COMMON STOCK, \$.01 PAR VALUE 10,103,472

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

(In thousands)	JUNE 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
ACCETC		
ASSETS: Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,741	\$ 8,628
Receivables, net	9,666	8,910
Inventories	7,916	
Refundable income taxes	510	510
Deferred tax assets	2,419	2,370
Other current assets	427	586
Total current assets	25,679	29,078
10042 04.10.10 400000		
Fixed assets, net	3,881	3,177
Goodwill	1,469	1,469
Deferred tax assets	334	274
Other assets	558	101
	6,242	
Total assets	\$31,921	
	======	=====
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Current liabilities:	ተ ጋ 427	¢ 2 004
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 2,427 3,523	\$ 3,804 3,812
Accrued restructuring	420	420
Deferred revenue	357	717
Total current liabilities	6,727	8,753
Assembly and the state of the s	044	1 001
Accrued restructuring Accrued product warranty	811 128	1,034
Deferred revenue	352	153 444
Bereired revenue		
	1,291	1,631
T-4-1 13-6-13-4-3		40.004
Total liabilities	8,018	10,384
Shareholders' equity:	100	100
Common stock Additional paid-in capital	102 19,207	100 17,401
Retained earnings	7,542	7,112
Unamortized restricted stock compensation	(2,090)	(1,067)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	126	169
Treasury stock, at cost	(984)	
Total shareholders' equity	23,903	23,715
. ocal onar onorable oquity		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$31,921	\$34,099
	======	======

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
(In thousands, except per share data)	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net sales Cost of sales	\$12,346 8,092	\$14,694 9,077	\$24,382 16,451	\$29,769 18,734
Gross profit		5,617		11,035
Operating expenses: Engineering, design and product development Selling and marketing General and administrative	1,547 1,590	3,329	2,896 2,954	
Operating income	378	2,288	611	4,398
<pre>Interest and other income (expense): Interest, net Other, net</pre>	20 16 36		15	(12) (1) (13)
Income before income taxes Income taxes	414 147	2,288 823	236	4,385 1,578
Net income	\$ 267 ======	\$ 1,465		\$ 2,807
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 267	\$ 1,421	\$ 430	\$ 2,578
Net income per common share: Basic Diluted	\$ 0.03 \$ 0.03	\$ 0.15 \$ 0.14	\$ 0.04 \$ 0.04	\$ 0.28 \$ 0.25
Shares used in per-share calculation Basic Diluted	9,970 10,246	9,620 10,447	9,990 10,379	9,292 10,133

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW (UNAUDITED)

	SIX MONTH JUNE	30,
(In thousands)	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$ 430	\$2,807
Non-cash compensation expense Deferred income taxes	194 (60)	
Depreciation and amortization Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Receivables Inventories	808 (756) 158	679
Other current assets Other assets Accounts payable	159 1 (1 277)	260 1
Accrued liabilities and other liabilities Accrued restructuring expenses	(532) (223)	742
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(1,198)	4,693
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchases of fixed assets Purchase of intangible assets	(1,495) (475)	(447)
Net cash used in investing activities		(447)
Cash flows from financing activities: Term loan repayments Proceeds from option and warrant exercises Purchases of common stock for treasury Payment of cash dividends Payment of expenses related to preferred stock conversion and registration of common stock	311 (984) (3)	826 (91)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(676)	
Effect of exchange rate changes	(43)	4
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	(3,887) 8,628	4,513 498
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 4,741 ======	\$5,011 =====
Non-cash financing activities: Conversion of preferred stock to common stock Tax benefit related to employee stock sales Accretion of preferred stock discount and issuance costs Issuance of restricted stock	\$ 283 1,217	\$3,926 1,173 24 1,339

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

TransAct Technologies Incorporated ("TransAct"), which has its headquarters in Wallingford, CT and its primary operating facility in Ithaca, NY, operates in one industry segment, transaction-based printers and related products. TransAct designs, develops, manufactures and markets transaction-based printers under the Ithaca(R) brand name. Our printers are used worldwide to provide transaction records such as receipts, tickets, coupons, register journals and other documents. We focus on two core markets: point-of-sale and banking ("POS") and gaming and lottery. In addition, we market related consumables, spare parts and service. We sell our products to original equipment manufacturers ("OEMs"), value-added resellers, selected distributors and directly to end-users. Our product distribution spans across the Americas, Europe, the Middle East, Africa, the Caribbean Islands and the South Pacific.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These accounting principles were applied on a basis consistent with those of the consolidated financial statements contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. In our opinion, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary to state fairly TransAct's financial position as of June 30, 2005, the results of our operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, and our cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004. The December 31, 2004 condensed consolidated balance sheet has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2004 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The financial position and results of operations of our foreign subsidiary are measured using local currency as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities of such subsidiary have been translated at end of period exchange rates, and related revenues and expenses have been translated at weighted average exchange rates with the resulting translation gain or loss recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income. Transaction gains and losses are included in other income.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

We have elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25"), and related interpretations in accounting for stock options. Since the exercise price of employee stock options granted by the Company equals the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense is recorded. We have adopted the disclosure-only provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" ("FAS 123"), as amended by Statement of Financial Standards No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure - an amendment of FAS 123" ("FAS 148").

Unearned compensation for restricted stock awards granted is recorded on the date of the grant based on the fair value of such awards. Such unearned compensation is expensed, using a straight-line method, over the period during which the related restrictions on such stock lapse. Upon termination of employment, unvested restricted stock awards are forfeited and compensation expense and unearned compensation previously recognized are reversed.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, we granted 27,000 and 123,400 shares of restricted stock, respectively, to directors and key employees under the 1996 Stock Plan, 2001 Employee Stock Plan and 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Deferred compensation of \$257,000 and \$1,217,000 was recorded with respect to these grants in the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, respectively, and will be recognized into compensation expense over the vesting period (between three and five years).

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

2. ACCOUNTING FOR STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

The Company recorded compensation expense of \$69,000 and \$194,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, respectively.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income, compensation expense and net income per share as if the Black-Scholes fair value method pursuant to FAS 123 had been applied to our stock plans.

	Three months ende June 30,			
(In thousands, except per share data)	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net income available to common shareholders: Net income available to common				
shareholders, as reported Add: Stock-based compensation expense included in reported net income,	\$ 267	\$1,421	\$ 430	\$2,578
net of tax Deduct: Stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method	81	46	125	90
for all awards, net of tax	(226)	(15)	(395)	(85)
Pro forma net income available to common shareholders	\$ 122 =====	\$1,452 =====	\$ 160 =====	\$2,583 =====
Net income per common share: Basic:				
As reported Pro forma Diluted:	\$0.03 \$0.01	\$ 0.15 \$ 0.15	\$0.04 \$0.02	\$ 0.28 \$ 0.28
As reported Pro forma	\$0.03 \$0.01	\$ 0.14 \$ 0.14		\$ 0.25 \$ 0.25

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, we received cash proceeds of approximately \$27,000 and \$311,000, respectively, from the issuance of approximately 4,000 and 65,000 shares of common stock resulting from stock option and stock purchase plan exercises. We also recorded a related tax benefit that was credited to Additional Paid-In Capital of approximately \$1,000 and \$283,000 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, respectively, resulting from subsequent employee stock sales.

3. INVENTORIES

The components of inventories are as follows:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2005	December 31, 2004
Raw materials and component parts Finished goods	\$7,610 306	\$7,869 205
	\$7,916	 \$8,074
	=====	=====

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

. ACCRUED PRODUCT WARRANTY LIABILITY

The following table summarizes the activity recorded in the accrued product warranty liability during the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
(In thousands)	2005	2004	2005	2004
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 644	\$ 527	\$ 597	\$ 495
Additions related to warranties issued	160	130	358	305
Warranty costs incurred	(140)	(141)	(291)	(284)
Balance, end of period	\$ 664	\$ 516	\$ 664	\$ 516
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The current portion of the accrued product warranty liability is included in accrued liabilities in the accompanying balance sheet.

ACCRUED BUSINESS CONSOLIDATION AND RESTRUCTURING

In February 2001, we undertook a plan to consolidate all manufacturing and engineering into our existing Ithaca, NY facility and close our Wallingford, CT manufacturing facility (the "Consolidation"). As of December 31, 2001, substantially all Wallingford product lines were successfully transferred to Ithaca, NY. We continue to apply the consensus set forth in Emerging Issues Task Force ("EITF") No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (Including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)" in recognizing the accrued restructuring expenses relating to the consolidation. The remaining accrued restructuring balance relates to lease and other occupancy costs related to unused space at our Wallingford facility through the end of the lease term.

The following table summarizes the activity recorded in accrued restructuring expenses during the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004.

		ths Ended 30,	Six Months Ende June 30,	
(In thousands)	2005	2004	2005 	2004
Accrual balance, beginning of period Cash payments	\$1,345	\$1,994	\$1,454	\$2,125
	(114)	(90)	(223)	(221)
Accrual balance, end of period	\$1,231	\$1,904	\$1,231	\$1,904
	=====	=====	=====	=====

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

6. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share were computed as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Net income Dividends and accretion charges on	\$ 267	\$ 1,465	\$ 430	\$ 2,807
preferred stock Earnings allocation to preferred		(21)		(111)
shareholders		(23)		(118)
Net income available to common shareholders	\$ 267 ======	\$ 1,421 ======	\$ 430 =====	\$ 2,578 ======
Shares: Basic: Weighted average common shares outstanding Add: Dilutive effect of outstanding options, warrants and restricted stock as determined by the treasury stock method		9,620 827		
Diluted: Weighted average common and common equivalent shares outstanding	10,246	10,447	10,379	10,133
Net income per common share: Basic Diluted	\$ 0.03 \$ 0.03	\$ 0.15 \$ 0.14		\$ 0.28 \$ 0.25

Unvested restricted stock is excluded from the calculation of weighted average common shares for basic EPS. For diluted EPS, weighted average common shares include the impact of restricted stock under the treasury method.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2005, potentially dilutive shares that were excluded from the earning per share calculation consisted of out-of-the-money stock options and warrants, and amounted to 55,250 and 52,250 shares, respectively.

7. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The following table summarizes the Company's comprehensive income:

		nths Ended e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(In thousands)	2005	2004	2005	2004	
Net income Foreign currency translation	\$267	\$1,465	\$430	\$2,807	
adjustment	(40)	(2)	(43)	4	
Total comprehensive income	\$227 ====	\$1,463 =====	\$387 ====	\$2,811 ======	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

On June 30, 2005, the Company acquired certain intangible assets related to casino ticket printer designs and technology from Bally Gaming, Inc. ("Bally") for \$475,000. Prior to the acquisition, pursuant to the terms of a license agreement, we were required to pay Bally a royalty on sales of certain gaming printers utilizing the licensed technology. As a result of the acquisition, effective July 1, 2005, we are no longer required to pay any future royalties to Bally.

The purchase price was allocated based on management's estimates to intangible assets based on their relative fair value at the date of acquisition. The Company utilized the assistance of an independent valuation firm in determining the relative fair values. The fair value of the intangibles, comprised of purchased technology and a covenant not to compete, was determined using the future cash flows method. The intangible assets are amortized each year on a straight-line basis over six and seven years, respectively, for the estimated life of the assets.

The following summarizes the allocation of the purchase price for the acquisition of certain intangible assets from Bally (in thousands):

Purchased technology \$339
Covenant not to compete 136
---Consideration paid \$475
====

9. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

SHARE-BASED PAYMENT: In December 2004, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"). SFAS 123R replaced SFAS 123, and superseded APB 25. In March 2005, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107 ("SAB 107"), which expresses views of the SEC staff regarding the interaction between SFAS 123R and certain SEC rules and regulations, and provides the staff's views regarding the valuation of share-based payment arrangements for public companies. SFAS 123R will require compensation cost related to share-based payment transactions to be recognized in the financial statements. SFAS 123R requires measurement of the cost of share-based payment transactions to employees at the fair value of the award on the grant date and recognition of expense over the requisite service or vesting period. SFAS 123R requires implementation using a modified prospective method, under which compensation expense for the unvested portion of previously granted awards and all new awards will be recognized on or after the date of adoption. SFAS 123R also allows companies to adopt SFAS 123R by restating previously issued financial statements, basing the amounts on the expense previously calculated and reported in their pro forma footnote disclosures required under SFAS 123. In April 2005, the FASB changed the implementation date for SFAS 123R and the provisions of this statement will now be effective for the Company during the first quarter of 2006.

ACCOUNTING CHANGES AND ERROR CORRECTIONS: In May 2005, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections" ("SFAS 154"), a replacement of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 20 "Accounting Changes" and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 3 "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements -- An Amendment of APB Opinion No. 28." SFAS 154 applies to all voluntary changes in accounting principle and changes required by an accounting pronouncement where no specific transition provisions are included. SFAS 154 requires retrospective application to prior period's financial statements of changes in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. The provisions of SFAS 154 are effective for accounting changes and correction of errors made in fiscal periods that begin after December 15, 2005, although early adoption is permitted. The Company does not anticipate that the implementation of this standard will have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

10. SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS

On March 25, 2005, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program (the "Stock Repurchase Program"). Under the Stock Repurchase Program, we are authorized to repurchase up to \$10 million of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock from time to time on the open market over the next three years depending on market conditions, share price and other factors. As of June 30, 2005, we repurchased a total of 122,000 shares of common stock for approximately \$984,000 at an average price of \$8.07 per share.

On March 28, 2005, we amended the TD Banknorth Credit Facility to permit us to repurchase our common stock pursuant to the terms of the Stock Repurchase Program.

On May 25, 2005, our shareholders approved the adoption of the 2005 Employee Equity Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan"). The 2005 Plan provides for awards to executives, key employees, directors and consultants in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units and performance awards. A maximum of 600,000 shares of common stock may be issued in satisfaction of awards made under the 2005 Plan. Upon adoption of the 2005 Plan, no new awards will be made under any other existing TransAct equity plan.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements included in this report, including without limitation statements in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, which are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, such as "may", "will", "expect", "intend", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "project" or "continue" or the negative thereof or other similar words. All forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, customer acceptance and market share gains, both domestically and internationally, in the face of substantial competition from competitors that have broader lines of products and greater financial resources; introduction of new products into the marketplace by competitors; successful product development; dependence on significant customers; dependence on significant vendors; the ability to recruit and retain quality employees as we grow; dependence on third parties for sales outside the United States including Australia, New Zealand, Europe and Latin America; economic and political conditions in the United States, Australia, New Zealand, Europe and Latin America; marketplace acceptance of new products; availability of third-party components at reasonable prices; price wars or other significant pricing pressures affecting our products in the United States and abroad; and the outcome of lawsuits between TransAct and FutureLogic, Inc.. Actual results may differ materially from those discussed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report and we assume no duty to update them to reflect new, changing or unanticipated events or circumstances.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND ESTIMATES

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared by us in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The presentation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Our estimates include those related to revenue recognition, inventory obsolescence, the valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, depreciable lives of equipment, warranty obligations, contingent liabilities and restructuring accruals. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. For a complete description of our accounting policies, see Item 7 - - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates," included in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004. There were no material changes to the application of our critical accounting policies for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 COMPARED TO THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NET SALES. Net sales by business unit for the current and prior year's quarter were as follows:

					Chan	ge
(In thousands)	Three mont	ths ended 9, 2005 	Three mont	ths ended 9, 2004 	\$	%
Point of sale and banking Gaming and lottery TransAct Services Group	\$ 3,155 6,027 3,164	25.6% 48.8% 25.6%	\$ 4,623 7,574 2,497	31.5% 51.5% 17.0%	\$(1,468) (1,547) 667	(31.8%) (20.4%) 26.7%
	\$12,346 ======	100.0%	\$14,694 ======	100.0% =====	\$(2,348) ======	(16.0%)
International *	\$ 2,941 ======	23.8% =====	\$ 1,375 ======	9.4%	\$ 1,566 ======	113.9%

^{*} International sales do not include sales of printers made to domestic distributors or other customers who in turn ship those printers to international destinations.

Net sales for the second quarter of 2005 decreased \$2,348,000, or 16%, from the same period last year due primarily to lower printer shipments into our gaming and lottery (a decrease of approximately \$1,547,000, or 20%) and point of sale ("POS") and banking (a decrease of approximately \$1,468,000, or 32%) markets. Sales from our Services Group increased by \$667,000, or 27%, as our installed base of printers grows and as we continue to aggressively pursue these after-market sales. Overall, international sales increased by \$1,566,000, or 114%, due largely to higher international shipments of our gaming printers, primarily to Australia and Europe.

POINT OF SALE AND BANKING:

Revenue from the POS and banking market includes sales of inkjet, thermal and impact printers used primarily by retailers in the hospitality, restaurant (including fine dining, casual dining and fast food) and specialty retail industries to print receipts for consumers, validate checks, or print on other inserted media. Revenue from this market also includes sales of printers used by banks, credit unions and other financial institutions to print and/or validate receipts at bank teller stations. Sales of our POS and banking printers worldwide decreased approximately \$1,468,000, or 32%.

	Three mont	hs ended	Three mon	ths ended	Change	
(In thousands)	June 30, 2005		June 30, 2004		\$	%
Domestic International	\$2,463 692	78.1% 21.9%	\$4,153 470	89.8% 10.2%	\$(1,690) 222	(40.7%) 47.2%
	\$3,155 =====	100.0% =====	\$4,623 =====	100.0% =====	\$(1,468) ======	(31.8%)

Domestic POS and banking revenue decreased to \$2,463,000, representing a \$1,690,000, or 41%, decrease from the second quarter of 2004, due to significantly lower sales of our Bankjet(R) line of inkjet printers, as we benefited from shipments of printers to two major financial services companies to upgrade bank teller stations during 2004 that did not recur in 2005. However, in June 2005, we announced that a top-tier financial services company selected our Bankjet(R) printer for use in up to 6,000 of their bank teller stations. We shipped a small number of printers to this customer in the second quarter of 2005, and expect to ship the remainder in the third quarter of 2005. Although we are currently pursuing additional banking opportunities, due to the project-oriented nature of these sales, we cannot predict if and when future sales may occur. The decrease in banking printer sales was partially offset by increasing sales of our POS printers, primarily our iTherm(TM)280 thermal printer and our new line of printers exclusively for POS distributors. Excluding banking printers, sales of our POS printers increased by 12% in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004.

International POS and banking printer shipments increased by approximately \$222,000, or 47%, to \$692,000, due primarily to higher sales through our network of international POS distributors (primarily in Europe and Latin America).

We expect sales into the POS and banking market for the third quarter of 2005 to be significantly higher than those reported for the second quarter of 2005, as we expect to ship substantially more Bankjet(R) printers for our new bank teller application win explained above, and our additional sales staff and initiatives put in place in the first half of 2005 begin to take hold.

GAMING AND LOTTERY:

Revenue from the gaming and lottery market includes sales of printers used in slot machines and video lottery terminals ("VLT") that print tickets instead of issuing coins ("ticket-in, ticket-out" or "TITO") at casinos worldwide. Revenue from this market also includes sales of lottery printers to GTECH, the world's largest provider of lottery terminals, for various lottery applications. Sales of our gaming and lottery products decreased by \$1,547,000, or 20%, from the second quarter a year ago, primarily due to a decrease in sales of lottery printers to GTECH and slot machine and other gaming printers in North America. This decrease was somewhat offset by higher international sales of our slot machine and other gaming printers in Australia and Europe.

(In thousands)	June 30	9, 2005	June 30	9, 2004	\$	%
Domestic International	\$4,494 1,533	74.6% 25.4%	\$7,205 369	95.1% 4.9%	\$(2,711) 1,164	(37.6%) 315.4%
	\$6,027	100.0%	\$7,574	100.0%	\$(1,547)	(20.4%)
	=====	=====	=====	=====	======	(==: .,0)

Domestic sales of our gaming and lottery printers declined by \$2,711,000, or 38%, due primarily to two factors. First, due to the continued significant decline in slot machine sales into the domestic casino market, we experienced significantly lower sales of our TITO casino printers throughout North America in the second quarter of 2005. We expect the downturn in domestic casino slot machine sales to continue in the third quarter of 2005.

Secondly, printer sales to GTECH Corporation (a worldwide lottery terminal provider and major customer), which include impact and thermal on-line lottery printers, decreased by approximately \$1,046,000, or 74%, in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004. This was due to the timing of orders from GTECH and shipments of legacy impact printers to GTECH in the second quarter of 2004 that did not recur in 2005. We do not expect any future orders for legacy impact printers, as GTECH replaced our legacy impact on-line lottery printer with our new thermal on-line lottery printer. Our quarterly sales to GTECH are directly dependent on the timing and number of new and upgraded lottery terminal installations GTECH performs, and are not indicative of GTECH's overall business or revenue. Based on the timing of orders, we expect sales of lottery printers to GTECH for the third quarter of 2005 to be higher than those reported in the second quarter of 2005.

International gaming and lottery printer sales increased \$1,164,000, or 315%, to \$1,533,000 in the second quarter of 2005. Such sales represented 25% and 5% of total sales into our gaming and lottery market during the second quarter of 2005 and 2004, respectively. We continued to experience growth in international printer sales as markets in Europe and Australia begin to adopt ticket printing in slot machines and other gaming and amusement machines. We expect sales of our gaming printers related to the rollout of ticket printing to continue to accelerate in Europe and Australia in the second half of 2005.

TRANSACT SERVICES GROUP ("TSG"):

Revenue from TSG includes sales of consumable products (inkjet cartridges, ribbons and paper), replacement parts, maintenance and repair services and refurbished printers. Sales from TSG increased by approximately \$667,000, or 27%.

	Three mont	ths ended	Three mon	ths ended	Cha	ange
(In thousands)	June 30	9, 2005	June 3	30, 2004	\$	%
Domestic	\$2,448	77.4%	\$1,961	78.5%	\$487	24.8%
International	716	22.6%	536	21.5%	180	33.6%
	\$3,164	100.0%	\$2,497	100.0%	\$667	26.7%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	====	

Domestic TSG revenue increased by approximately \$487,000 or 25%, to \$2,448,000 largely due to higher sales of maintenance and repair services and spare parts. Internationally, sales increased by approximately \$180,000 to \$716,000 due largely to an increase in services revenue. We expect sales from TSG to continue to grow throughout the remainder of 2005, as we derive benefits from the additional sales staff, our new service center in Las Vegas, NV and our expanded service center in Wallingford, CT.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit decreased \$1,363,000 to \$4,254,000, or 24%, and gross margin decreased to 34.5% from 38.2%, due primarily to a lower volume of sales and a less favorable sales mix in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004. We expect gross margin for the third quarter of 2005 to be consistent with the gross margin reported for the second quarter of 2005.

ENGINEERING AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT. Engineering, design and product development expenses primarily include salary and payroll related expenses for our engineering staff, depreciation and design expenses (including prototype printer expense, outside design and testing services, and supplies). Such expenses increased by \$191,000, or 35%, to \$739,000, as we incurred expenses related to (1) increased engineering staffing, (2) IGT's integration and attainment of jurisdictional approvals for our new Epic950(TM) thermal casino printer on all of IGT's slot platforms worldwide (the "IGT Integration"), and (3) increased development expenses related to the launch of our new line of printers exclusively for POS distributors. Engineering and product development expenses increased as a percentage of net sales to 6.0% from 3.7%, due primarily to these increased costs in proportion to lower sales in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004. We expect engineering and product development expenses for the third quarter of 2005 to be consistent with those

reported in the second quarter of 2005 as we continue our product development to significantly expand our product offerings in both the POS and gaming and lottery markets.

SELLING AND MARKETING. Selling and marketing expenses primarily include salaries and payroll related expenses for our sales and marketing staff, sales commissions, travel expenses, expenses associated with the lease of sales offices, advertising, trade show expenses and other promotional marketing expenses. Selling and marketing expenses increased by \$329,000, or 27%, to \$1,547,000, due primarily to increased expenses related to (1) the addition of new sales staff for our three business units and our new service centers in Las Vegas, NV and Wallingford, CT, (2) marketing, promotional and trade show expenses related to the launch of our new line of printers exclusively for POS distributors, and (3) the recruitment and hire of a SVP Marketing during the second quarter of 2005. Selling and marketing expenses increased as a percentage of net sales to 12.5% from 8.3%, due primarily to increased expenses in proportion to lower sales volume in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004. We expect selling and marketing expenses to be higher in the third quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2005, due largely to higher trade show expenses for the Global Gaming Exposition (G2E) and the full-quarter effect of the addition of new sales and marketing staff made during the second quarter of 2005.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE. General and administrative expenses primarily include salaries and payroll related expenses for our executive, accounting, human resource and information technology staff, expenses for our corporate headquarters, professional and legal expenses; and telecommunication expenses. General and administrative expenses increased slightly by \$27,000, or 2%, to \$1,590,000. General and administrative expenses increased as a percentage of net sales to 12.9% from 10.6% due primarily to lower volume of sales in the second quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2004. We expect general and administrative expenses in the third quarter of 2005 to be higher than those reported in the second quarter of 2005, largely due to higher expected audit expenses related to Sarbanes-Oxley compliance and legal expenses related to our lawsuit against FutureLogic, Inc.

OPERATING INCOME. During the second quarter of 2005, we reported operating income of \$378,000, or 3.1% of net sales, compared to \$2,288,000, or 15.6% of net sales in the second quarter of 2004. The substantial decrease in our operating income and operating margin was due largely to lower sales in the second quarter of 2005 compared to that of 2004.

INTEREST. We recorded net interest income of \$20,000 compared to net interest expense of \$2,000 in the second quarter of 2004, as we repaid all outstanding revolving borrowings, and our term loan, by January 2004. We do not expect to draw on our revolving borrowings and we expect to continue to report net interest income throughout 2005. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below for more information.

INCOME TAXES. We recorded an income tax provision of \$147,000 and \$823,000 in the second quarter of 2005 and 2004, respectively, at an effective rate of 35.5% and 36.0%, respectively. We expect our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2005 to be lower than that reported for the second quarter of 2005 due to certain discrete tax benefits expected in the third quarter.

NET INCOME. We reported net income during the second quarter of 2005 of \$267,000, or \$0.03 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$1,465,000, or \$0.14 per diluted share, for the second quarter of 2004.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2005 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2004

NET SALES. Net sales by business unit for the current and prior year's six month period were as follows:

	Six month	us andad	Six month	as andad	Cha	nge
(In thousands)	June 30			9, 2004	\$ 	%
Point of sale and banking Gaming and lottery TransAct Services Group	\$ 7,109 11,498 5,775	29.1% 47.2% 23.7%	\$ 9,629 15,182 4,958	32.3% 51.0% 16.7%	\$(2,520) (3,684) 817	(26.2%) (24.3%) 16.5%
	\$24,382 ======	100.0% =====	\$29,769 ======	100.0% =====	\$(5,387) ======	(18.1%)
International *	\$ 5,024 =====	20.6%	\$ 2,591 =====	8.7% =====	\$ 2,433 =====	93.9%

^{*} International sales do not include sales of printers made to domestic distributors or other customers who in turn ship those printers to

international destinations.

Net sales for the first half of 2005 decreased \$5,387,000, or 18%, from the prior year's first half due to significantly lower printer shipments (approximately \$6,204,000, or 25%) into both our gaming and lottery market and POS and banking market. Sales from our TransAct Services Group increased by \$817,000, or 17%, as our installed base of printers grows and as we continue to aggressively pursue these sales. Overall, international sales increased by \$2,433,000, or 94%, due primarily to higher international shipments of our gaming printers.

POINT OF SALE AND BANKING:

Sales of our POS and banking printers worldwide decreased approximately \$2,520,000, or 26%.

					Chan	ge
	Six month		Six month			
(In thousands)	June 30), 2005	June 30	9, 2004	\$	%
Domestic	\$5,881	82.7%	\$8,823	91.6%	\$(2,942)	(33.3%)
International	1,228	17.3%	806	8.4%	422	52.4%
	\$7,109	100.0%	\$9,629	100.0%	\$(2,520)	(26.2%)
	=====	=====	=====	=====	======	

Domestic POS and banking printer sales decreased to \$5,881,000, representing a \$2,942,000, or 33%, decrease from the first half of 2004, due to significantly lower sales of our Bankjet(R) line of inkjet printers, as we benefited from shipments of printers to two major financial services companies to upgrade bank teller stations during 2004 that did not recur in 2005. However, in June 2005, we announced that a top-tier financial services company selected our Bankjet(R) printer for use in up to 6,000 of their bank teller stations. We shipped a small number of printers to this customer in the second quarter of 2005, and expect to ship the remainder in the third quarter of 2005. Although we are currently pursuing additional banking opportunities, due to the project-oriented nature of these sales, we cannot predict if and when future sales may occur. The decrease in banking printer sales was partially offset by increasing sales of our POS printers, primarily our iTherm(TM)280 thermal printer and our new line of printers exclusively for POS distributors. Excluding banking printers, sales of our POS printers increased by 28% in the first half of 2005 compared to the first half of 2004.

International POS and banking printer shipments increased by approximately \$422,000, or 52%, to \$1,228,000, due primarily to higher sales through our network of international POS distributors (primarily in Europe and Latin America).

We expect sales into the POS and banking market for the third quarter of 2005 to be significantly higher than those reported for the second quarter of 2005, as we expect to ship substantially more Bankjet(R) printers for our new bank teller application win explained above, and our additional sales staff and initiatives put in place in the first half of 2005 begin to take hold.

GAMING AND LOTTERY:

Sales of our gaming and lottery products decreased by \$3,684,000, or 24%, from the first half of 2004, primarily due to a decrease in sales of our slot machine and other gaming printers in North America, and to a lesser extent, a decrease in lottery printer sales to GTECH. These decreases were somewhat offset by higher international sales of our slot machine and other gaming printers in Australia and Europe.

					Chan	ige
(In thousands)	Six month June 30		Six month June 30	ns ended 9, 2004	\$	%
Domestic	\$ 8,975	78.1%	\$14,525	95.7%	\$(5,550)	(38.2%)
International	2,523	21.9%	657	4.3%	1,866	284.0%
	\$11,498	100.0%	\$15,182	100.0%	\$(3,684)	(24.3%)
	======	=====	======	=====	======	(1010)

Domestic sales of our gaming and lottery printers declined by \$5,550,000, or 38%, to \$8,975,000. Due to the continued significant decline in slot machine sales into the domestic casino market, we experienced significantly lower sales of our TITO casino printers throughout North America during the first half of 2005. We expect the downturn in domestic casino slot machine sales to continue in the third quarter of 2005.

Printer sales to GTECH Corporation (a worldwide lottery terminal provider and major customer), which include impact and thermal on-line lottery printers, decreased by approximately \$476,000, or 18%, in the first half of 2005 compared to the first half of 2004. This was due to the timing of orders from GTECH and shipments of legacy impact printers to GTECH in the first half of 2004 that did not recur in 2005. We do not expect any future orders for legacy impact printers, as GTECH replaced our legacy impact on-line lottery printer with our new thermal on-line lottery printer. Our quarterly sales to GTECH are directly dependent on the timing and number of new and upgraded lottery terminal installations GTECH performs, and are not indicative of GTECH's overall business or revenue. Based on the timing of orders, we expect sales of lottery printers to GTECH for the third quarter of 2005 to be higher than those reported in the second quarter of 2005.

International gaming and lottery printer sales increased \$1,866,000, or 284%, to \$2,523,000 in the first half of 2005 compared to the first half of 2004. Such sales represented 22% and 4% of total sales into our gaming and lottery market during the first half of 2005 and 2004, respectively. We continued to experience growth in international printer sales as markets in Europe and Australia begin to adopt ticket printing in slot machines and other gaming and amusement machines. We expect sales of our gaming printers related to the rollout of ticket printing to continue to accelerate in Europe and Australia in the second half of 2005.

TRANSACT SERVICES GROUP ("TSG"):

Sales from TSG increased by approximately \$817,000, or 17%.

					Cha	ange
(In thousands)	Six month	ns ended 9, 2005	Six month June 30		\$	 %
(In chousands)						
Domestic	\$4,502	78.0%	\$3,830	77.2%	\$672	17.5%
International	1,273	22.0%	1,128	22.8%	145	12.9%
	\$5,775	100.0%	\$4,958	100.0%	\$817	16.5%
	=====	=====	=====	=====	====	

Domestic TSG revenue increased by approximately \$672,000, or 18%, to \$4,502,000, largely due to higher sales of spare parts, and to a lesser extent, higher revenue from maintenance and repair services. Internationally, TSG sales increased by approximately \$145,000, or 13%, to \$1,273,000, due largely to an increase in services revenue. We expect sales from TSG to continue to grow throughout the remainder of 2005, as we derive benefits from the additional sales staff and our new service center in Las Vegas, NV and expanded service center in Wallingford, CT.

GROSS PROFIT. Gross profit decreased \$3,104,000, or 28%, to \$7,931,000 and gross margin decreased to 32.5% from 37.1%, due primarily to a lower volume of sales and a less favorable sales mix, in the first half of 2005 compared to the first half of 2004. We expect gross margin for the third quarter of 2005 to be consistent with the gross margin reported for the second quarter of 2005.

ENGINEERING AND PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT. Engineering, design and product development expenses increased by \$308,000, or 27%, to \$1,470,000, as we incurred expenses related to (1) increased engineering staffing, (2) IGT's integration and attainment of jurisdictional approvals for our new Epic950(TM) thermal casino printer on all of IGT's slot platforms worldwide (the "IGT Integration"), and (3) increased development expenses related to the launch of our new line of printers exclusively for POS distributors. Engineering and product development expenses increased as a percentage of net sales to 6.0% from 3.9%, due primarily to these increased costs in proportion to lower sales in the first half of 2005 compared to the first half of 2004. We expect engineering and product development expenses for the third quarter of 2005 to be consistent with those reported in the second quarter of 2005, as we continue our product development to significantly expand our product offerings in both the POS and gaming and lottery markets.

SELLING AND MARKETING. Selling and marketing expenses increased by \$316,000, or 12%, to \$2,896,000, due primarily to increased expenses related to (1) the addition of new sales staff for our three business units and our new service centers in Las Vegas, NV and Wallingford, CT, (2) marketing, promotional and trade show expenses related to the launch of our new line of printers exclusively for POS distributors, and (3) the recruitment and hire of a SVP Marketing during the second quarter of 2005. Selling and marketing expenses

increased as a percentage of net sales to 11.9% from 8.7%, due primarily to increased expenses in proportion to lower sales volume in the first half of 2005 compared to the first half of 2004. We expect selling and marketing expenses to be higher in the third quarter of 2005 compared to the second quarter of 2005, due largely to higher trade show expenses for the Global Gaming Exposition (G2E) and the full-quarter effect of the addition of new sales and marketing staff made during the second quarter of 2005.

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE. General and administrative expenses increased by \$59,000, or 2%, to \$2,954,000, due primarily to higher professional expenses, including legal fees related to our lawsuit filed against FutureLogic, Inc. General and administrative expenses increased as a percentage of net sales to 12.1% from 9.7% due primarily to lower volume of sales in the first half of 2005 compared to the first half of 2004. We expect general and administrative expenses in the third quarter of 2005 to be higher than those reported in the second quarter of 2005, largely due to higher expected audit expenses related to Sarbanes-Oxley compliance and legal expenses related to our lawsuit against FutureLogic, Inc.

OPERATING INCOME. During the first half of 2005, we reported operating income of \$611,000, or 2.5% of net sales, compared to \$4,398,000, or 14.8% of net sales in the first half of 2004. The substantial decrease in our operating income and operating margin was due largely to lower sales in the first half of 2005 compared to that of 2004.

INTEREST. We recorded net interest income of \$40,000 in the first half of 2005 compared to net interest expense of \$12,000 in the first half of 2004, as we repaid all outstanding revolving borrowings, and our term loan, by January 2004. We do not expect to draw on our revolving borrowings, and we expect to continue to report net interest income throughout 2005. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below for more information.

INCOME TAXES. We recorded an income tax provision of \$236,000 and \$1,578,000 in the first half of 2005 and 2004, respectively, at an effective rate of 35.4% and 36.0%, respectively. We expect our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2005 to be lower than that reported for the second quarter of 2005 due to certain discrete tax benefits expected in the third quarter.

NET INCOME. We reported net income during the first half of 2005 of \$430,000, or \$0.04 per diluted share, compared to net income of \$2,807,000, or \$0.25 per diluted share, for the first half of 2004.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

CASH FLOW

Overview: In the first half of 2005, our cash flows reflected the results of lower sales volume, our repurchase of outstanding common stock, the purchase of certain intangible assets from Bally Gaming, Inc. ("Bally"), and our increased investment in infrastructure, compared to the same period in 2004. Cash decreased by \$3,887,000 from December 31, 2004, due in large part to increased capital spending in the first half of 2005, the repurchase of nearly \$1.0 million of outstanding common stock, and the purchase of certain intangible assets related to casino printer designs and technology from Bally. We ended the quarter with approximately \$4,741,000 in cash and cash equivalents. We expect to earn interest income on our available cash balance throughout 2005.

Operating activities: The following significant factors affected our cash used in operations of \$1,198,000 in the first half of 2005:

- We reported net income of \$430,000
- We recorded depreciation, amortization and non-cash compensation expense of \$1,002,000
- Accounts receivable increased by \$756,000 due to timing of sales during the quarter
- Accounts payable decreased by \$1,377,000 due to lower inventory purchases related to lower sales volume during the quarter

The following payments also affected our cash from operations during the first half of 2005:

Royalty Payments: During the second quarter of 2004, we signed a cross licensing agreement with Seiko Epson. Under the agreement, Seiko Epson received a license to three of our patents, and we received a license to eighteen of Seiko Epson's patents relating to printing applications for the POS and banking markets. In addition, we agreed to pay \$900,000 as a royalty payment for past usage as of December 31, 2003. In accordance with the terms of the agreement, we paid \$525,000 of the royalty in the second quarter of 2004, and the remaining \$375,000 in the first quarter of 2005. Under the agreement, we continue to pay royalties on a quarterly basis related to the current sales of licensed printers, which is reflected in cost of sales.

Accrued Restructuring Payments: As of June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, our restructuring accrual amounted to \$1,231,000 and \$1,454,000, respectively. The

decrease of \$223,000 is related solely to payments made on our Wallingford lease obligation. We expect to pay approximately \$420,000 of these expenses per year from 2005 through 2007, and the remaining \$194,000 in 2008. These payments from 2005 through 2008 relate primarily to lease obligation costs for unused space in our Wallingford, CT facility.

Investing activities: Our capital expenditures were approximately \$1,495,000 and \$447,000 in the first six months of 2005 and 2004, respectively. Expenditures in 2005 included approximately \$600,000 for the purchase of hardware, software and outside consulting costs related to our implementation of a new Oracle ERP system, and the remaining amount primarily for the purchase of new product tooling. We expect capital expenditures for the full year 2005 to be approximately \$3,000,000. During 2005, we expect to invest in two significant projects: (1) the purchase and implementation of Oracle software expected to be finalized in 2006 and (2) office renovations to our new gaming and lottery headquarters and western region service center in Las Vegas, NV. We believe these projects will provide us with improved efficiency and will enable us to streamline and more cost effectively manage our business as it grows in size, number of locations and overall complexity. In addition to these projects, we also expect to continue our focus on product development and the purchase of tooling for new products and enhanced versions of existing products.

During the second quarter of 2005, we acquired certain intangible assets related to casino printer designs and technology from Bally for \$475,000. Prior to the acquisition, pursuant to the terms of a license agreement, we were required to pay Bally a royalty on sales of certain gaming printers utilizing the licensed technology. As a result of the acquisition, effective July 1, 2005, we are no longer required to pay any future royalties to Bally. We expect the elimination of future royalty payments to Bally to result in a cost savings to the Company beginning in the third quarter of 2005.

Financing activities: We used approximately \$676,000 in financing activities during the first six months of 2005, largely due to the repurchase of company stock (\$984,000), partly offset by proceeds from stock option exercises and other stock transactions (approximately \$308,000).

WORKING CAPITAL

Our working capital decreased to \$18,952,000 at June 30, 2005 from \$20,325,000 at December 31, 2004. The current ratio increased to 3.8 to 1 at June 30, 2005 from 3.3 to 1 at December 31, 2004. The decrease in working capital is due largely to lower cash balances. The increase in the current ratio is due largely to lower accounts payable and accrued liabilities, partly offset by lower cash and cash equivalents compared to December 31, 2004.

DEFERRED TAXES

As of June 30, 2005, we had a net deferred tax asset of approximately \$2,753,000. In order to utilize this deferred tax asset, we will need to generate approximately \$8.0 million of taxable income in future years. Based on future projections of taxable income, we have determined that it is more likely than not that the existing net deferred tax asset will be realized.

CREDIT FACILITY AND BORROWINGS

On August 6, 2003, we entered into a \$12.5 million credit facility (the "TD Banknorth Credit Facility") with TD Banknorth N.A. The TD Banknorth Credit Facility provides for an \$11.5 million revolving credit line expiring on July 31, 2006, and a \$1 million equipment loan facility which, as amended, may be drawn down through July 2005. Borrowings under the revolving credit line bear a floating rate of interest at the prime rate. Borrowings under the equipment loan bear a floating rate of interest at the prime rate plus 0.25% and are secured by a lien on the assets of the company. The Banknorth Credit Facility imposes certain quarterly financial covenants on the Company and restricts the payment of dividends on its common stock and the creation of other liens.

On November 12, 2004, we amended the TD Banknorth Credit Facility. Under the terms of the agreement, we renewed, through July 31, 2005, our \$1.0 million equipment loan facility. However, this facility expired on July 31, 2005 and was not renewed. The amendment also revised certain other terms of the revolving credit facility.

On March 28, 2005, we amended the TD Banknorth Credit Facility to permit us to repurchase our common stock pursuant to the terms of the Stock Repurchase Program as explained below.

The borrowing base of the revolving credit line under TD Banknorth Credit Facility is based on the lesser of (a) \$11.5 million or (b) 85% of eligible accounts receivable plus (i) the lesser of (1) \$5,500,000 and (2) 45% of eligible raw material inventory plus 50% of eligible finished goods inventory, less (ii) a \$40,000 credit reserve.

As of June 30, 2005, we had no balances outstanding on the revolving credit line and term loan, respectively. Undrawn commitments under the TD Banknorth Credit Facility were approximately \$12,500,000 at June 30, 2005. However, our maximum

additional available borrowings under the facility were limited to approximately \$8,500,000

at June 30, 2005 based on the borrowing base of our collateral. We were in compliance with all financial covenants of the TD Banknorth Credit Facility at June 30, 2005.

STOCK REPURCHASE PROGRAM

On March 25, 2005, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program ("the Stock Repurchase Program"). Under the Stock Repurchase Program, management is authorized to repurchase up to \$10 million of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock from time to time in the open market over the next three years, depending on market conditions, share price and other factors. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had repurchased a total of 122,000 shares of common stock for approximately \$984,000, at an average price of \$8.07 per share.

PREFERRED STOCK

In connection with our 7% Series B Cumulative Convertible Redeemable Preferred Stock (the "Preferred Stock"), we paid \$70,000 of cash dividends per quarter. In April 2004, all holders of our Series B Preferred Stock converted all their preferred shares into common stock. Under the conversion, a total 666,665 new shares of common stock were issued. No future dividend payments were required beyond the second quarter of 2004.

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Shareholders' equity increased by \$188,000 to \$23,903,000 at June 30, 2005 from \$23,715,000 at December 31, 2004. The increase was primarily due to the following for the six months ended June 30, 2005: (1) net income of \$430,000 (2) proceeds of approximately \$311,000 from the issuance of approximately 65,000 shares of common stock from stock option and stock purchase plan exercises, (3) an increase in additional paid-in capital of approximately \$283,000 resulting from the tax benefits resulting from the sale of employee stock from stock option exercises, (4) compensation expense related to restricted stock grants of \$194,000, offset by treasury stock purchases of 122,000 shares of common stock for approximately \$984,000.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

We have experienced no material changes in our contractual obligations outside the ordinary course of business during the three or six months ended June 30, 2005.

RESOURCE SUFFICIENCY

We believe that our cash on hand and cash flows generated from operations and borrowings available under the TD Banknorth Credit Facility will provide sufficient resources to meet our working capital needs, including costs associated with the Consolidation, to finance our capital expenditures, to fund our Stock Repurchase Program, and meet our liquidity requirements through at least the next 12 months.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report, an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures was conducted under the supervision and with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based on this evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were adequate and designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in this report is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner, including that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could be reasonably likely to materially affect internal controls, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal controls, during the period covered by this report.

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On April 28, 2005 we announced that we filed a complaint in Connecticut Superior Court against FutureLogic, Inc. ("FutureLogic") of Glendale, California. The complaint charges FutureLogic with disseminating false and misleading statements, which impugn the business reputation of TransAct with the intent of damaging TransAct's business. TransAct asserts claims of defamation, tortious interference with contractual relations, tortious interference with business expectancy, and violation of the Connecticut Unfair Trade Practices Act, and seeks an award of compensatory and punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs.

On May 20, 2005, FutureLogic filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Central District of California against TransAct. The complaint charges TransAct with false advertising, defamation, trade libel, intentional interference with prospective economic advantage, common law unfair competition and statutory unfair competition and seeks an award of compensatory and punitive damages, attorneys' fees and costs. On August 3, 2005, FutureLogic amended its complaint in California to seek a declaratory judgment that Patent No. 6,924,903, issued by the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO") to TransAct on August 2, 2005, for its dual-port printer technology, is invalid, and that FutureLogic is not infringing TransAct's patent. We believe that the California action is retaliatory in nature and without merit, and we intend to vigorously defend ourselves. FutureLogic did not specify any factual basis upon which it alleges that the Company's patent is invalid. We also believe that their claims regarding our patent are without merit, that our patent was thoroughly reviewed by the PTO and that our patent is valid. This action is in the pre-trial motion stage, and there is no basis for calculating any potential or probable liability associated with this action.

ITEM 2C. STOCK REPURCHASE

On March 25, 2005, the Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program ("the Stock Repurchase Program"). Under the Stock Repurchase Program, management is authorized to repurchase up to \$10 million of the Company's outstanding shares of common stock from time to time in the open market over the next three years, depending on market conditions, share price and other factors. As of June 30, 2005, the Company had repurchased a total of 122,000 shares of common stock for approximately \$984,000.

ITEM 5. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Company held its Annual Meeting of Stockholders on May 25, 2005. Matters voted upon at the meeting and the number of votes cast for, against, withheld or abstentions are as follows:

(1) To consider and act upon a proposal to elect two Directors to serve until the 2008 Annual Meeting of Stockholders or until the Director's successor has been duly elected and qualified. Nominees were Thomas R. Schwarz and Bart C. Shuldman. Votes cast were as follows:

	For	Withheld
Thomas R. Schwarz	6,575,635	1,748,192
Bart C. Shuldman	6,639,664	1,684,163

- (2) To ratify the selection of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the Company's independent registered public accounting firm for 2005. Votes cast were as follows: 8,012,719 shares for; 307,148 shares against; and 3,959 shares abstained.
- (3) To ratify and approve the 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. Votes cast were as follows: 3,048,837 shares for; 878,797 shares against; and 99,251 shares abstained.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

a. Exhibits filed herein

- Exhibit 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Exhibit 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Exhibit 32.1 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- Exhibit 32.2 Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TRANSACT TECHNOLOGIES INCORPORATED (Registrant)

August 8, 2005

/s/ Steven A. DeMartino

Steven A. DeMartino Executive Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT LIST

The following exhibits are filed herewith.

Exhibit

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- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

CERTIFICATION

I, Bart C. Shuldman, certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of TransAct Technologies Incorporated;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2005

CERTIFICATION

- I, Steven A. DeMartino, certify that:
 - I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of TransAct Technologies Incorporated;
 - 7. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 8. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 9. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 10. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 8, 2005

Treasurer and Secretary

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of TransAct Technologies Incorporated (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Bart C. Shuldman, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 8, 2005

/s/ Bart C. Shuldman

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Bart C. Shuldman Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of TransAct Technologies Incorporated (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Steven A. DeMartino, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (3) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (4) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 8, 2005

/s/ Steven A. DeMartino

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Steven A. DeMartino Chief Financial Officer